All correspondence referring to announcements and subscription of Government Gazette must be addressed to its administration office. Literary publications will be advertised free of charge provided two copies are offered.

Toda a correspondência relativa a anûncios e à assina-ura do Boletim Oficial deve ser dirigida à Adminis-ração da Imprevas Nacional. As publicações literárias e que se receberem dois exemplares anunciam-se gratuitamente.



1282		
	SUBSCR	IPTION RA
		Yearly (Anual)
	All 3 series) (As 3 series)	Rs. 40/-
	I Series II Series	Rs. 20/- Rs. 16/-
	III Series	Rs. 20/-
	Postage is a	to be added u

TES - ASSINATURA HALF-YEARLY (Semestrai) QUARTERLY (Trimestral) Rs. 24/-Rs. 18/-Postage is to be added when delivered by mail — Acresce o porte quando remetido, pelo correio

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE BOLETIM OFICIAL

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

Secretariat

Notification

No. RR&S/2/66

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, read with Government of India, Ministry of External Affairs No. F.7(11)/62-Goa dated the 25th July 1963, the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu, is pleased to make the following rules relating to the recruitment to the Ministerial and stenographers' services under the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu (excepting Secretariat).

- 1. Short title. These rules may be called the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu's Ministerial and Stenographers' services (excepting Secretariat) Recruitment Rules, 1966.
- 2. Application. These rules shall apply to the posts specified in column 1 of the Schedule to these rules.
- 3. Number, classification and scale of pay. The number of posts, classification of the said posts and the scales of pay attached thereto shall be as specified in columns 2 to 4 of the said E Schedule.
 - 4. Method of recruitment, age limit and other qualifications. — The method of recruitment to the said posts age limit, qualifications and other matters

connected there -- with shall be as specified in columns 5 to 13 of the aforesaid Schedule.

Provided that,

- (a) the maximum age limit specified in the Schedule in respect of direct recruitment may be relaxed in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and other special categories in accordance with the orders issued by the Central Government from time to time; and
- (b) no male candidate, who has more than one wife living and no female candidate, who has married a person having already a wife living, shall be eligible for appointment, unless the Central Government, after having been satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempts any such candidate from the operation of this
- 5. The rules will come into effect from the date of the Notification and will relate to appointments to the various posts made after this date. An appointment to the various posts made prior to this date, through a duly constituted Staff Selection Board/ Departmental Promotion Committee will be deemed to be a regular appointment, notwithstanding any provision contained in these rules, and the probation period in that case will extend to six months only from the date of this notification.

G. K. Bhanot Chief Secretary

Panjim, 29th April, 1966.

ж	2	
_	i	
Ξ.	7	
t	•	
Ç	}	
E	1	
,	į	
۶	1	
ď.	′	
u.	4	

stances hich S. C. be ted in ting		rader the	•		1.2	irred			1
Circum, in w U. P. is to consult mak	13	As required under the rules.				As required under the rules,	Å	Ã	
If a DPC exists, what is its com- position	12	Yes Clars III DPC.			43	Ves Classs DPC.	ဂိ	Õ	
In case of rectt. by promo- tion/deputation/fransfer, grades from which pro- motion/deputation/frans- fer, to be made		Promotion from Class IV Employees.	*- } }		÷	Lower Division Clerks having at least 3 yrs, standing in the grade.	Upper Division Clerks/ /Junior stenogra- phers having at least 3 years standing in the grade.	Transfer/Deputation Suit able officials holding equivalent posts in the Central Government of any State Government.	
Method of rectt. whether by direct rectt. or by promotion or by deputation/transfer & percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	10	Promotion — 12% (falling which by direct rectt.) Direct rectt. — 87½%				Promotion.	Promotion.	Direct recruitment, failing which brans-fer/deputation, (Deputation will normally be for three years).	*
Period of pro- bation, if any	6	Two	-		•	Two years.	Two years.	Two years.	
Whether age and educational qualifications presurbed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of Promotees	.	Age — No. Qis — Yes			:	4	Z.A.	N. A.	
Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits	4	i) Matriculation or equivalent qualifications until replaced by Higher Secondary. ii) Speed of 30 words per minute in typewriting in English subject to or ders which are issued from time to time (relaxable for	the physically handi- capped persons who are otherwise quali- fied to hold the afore- said post and who are centified as helmore.	ble to type on account of physical disability by the Medical Board attached to the Special Employment Excial Employment Ex-	change for the handi- capped (or by the Staff Surgeon until such a Board is set up by the Directorate of Employment and Training)	N. A.	₹		writing.
Age ilmit for direct recruits	9		from time to time).			N. A.	N. A.	18-25 i) years.	~
Whether Selection Fost or Pay non-Selection Fost (For purposes of promotion)	÷	Non-Se- lection		e. Ny INSEE dia mampiasa ny INSEE dia mampiasa ny INSEE dia mampiasa ny INSEE dia mampiasa ny INSEE dia mampiasa Ny INSEE dia mampiasa ny INSEE dia mampiasa ny INSEE dia mampiasa ny INSEE dia mampiasa ny INSEE dia mampiasa		Selection.	Selection.	∀	
. Scale of Pay	4	Rs. 110-3- -131-4-155- -EB-4-176- -5-180.	\$1 			Rs, 130-5- -160-8-200- -EB-8-256- -EB-8-280- -10-300.	Rs. 210-10- -290-15- -320-EB- -15-380.	Rs. 130-5- -160-8-200- -188-8-250- -EB-6-280- -10-300	0
No. of Classification posts	٠. ده	Olass III (Non-ga- zetted Ministe- rial)				Ô	å	Class III I (Non-ga-zetted) (Non-Mi-nisterial)	
	61	As sanction from time to		ი _ი	0	og .	As sanct- ioned from time to	Š	
Name	1	1) Lower Division Clerks		,		2) Upper Division Olerks	3.) Head Clenks	4) Junior Steno- graphers	
c ^c					·				•

Finance Department

F.III/2-42/3842/66

The Order F. No. 7/66/F. No. 1/18/65-Cus. VII-Stamps dated 26th March, 1966 from Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue and Insurance) is hereby published for general information.

V. S. Srinivasagopalan, Dy. Secretary (Finance). Panjim, 26th April, 1966.

Order

Stamps

No. In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (2 of 1899), the Central Government hereby reduces the duty with which an instrument of transfer of shares is chargeable under Article No. 62(a) of Schedule I to the said Act, to twenty-five paise for every hundred rupees or part thereof of the value of the share.

M. G. VAIDYA

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

Industries and Labour Department

Notification

ILD/HS/2266/65

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 the Lt. Governor is hereby pleased to appoint 1st May, 1966 the day on which the provisions of Chapter IV of the said Act shall come into force in the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

B. K. Chougule, Secretary, Industries and Labour Department.

Panjim, 25th April, 1966.

Notification

ILD/HS/2266/65

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18 of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940, the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu, hereby appoints 1st May 1966 the day for the purposes of the said Section of the Act.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

B. K. Chougule, Secretary, Industries and Labour Department.

Panjim, 25th April, 1966.

Notification

ILD/HS/2266/65

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 33-E of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, the Lt. Governor is hereby pleased to appoint 1st May 1966, the date on which the provisions of the said section shall come in force in the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

B. K. Chougule, Secretary, Industries and Labour Department.

Panjim, 25th April, 1966.

3. 145 to

 $z_0 > 2 3 \eta$

Notification

I&L/1480/66/1200

Notification no. 7-PG(37)/63 dated 15th March, 66 issued by the Ministry of Transport and Aviation Department of Transport, Shipping and Tourism, Government of India, New Delhi, is hereby republished for the general information.

B. K. Chougule, Secretary, Industries and Labour Department.

Panjim, 29th April, 1966.

To be published in Part II Section 3 Sub-Section (i) of the next issue of the Gazette of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND AVIATION

Department of Transport, Shipping and Tourism

(Transport Wing)

New Delhi, the 15th March, 1966

Notification

PORTS

G.S.R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908), the Central Government hereby makes the following Rules for the Port of Mormugao, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, namely:—

MORMUGAO PORT RULES

- 1. Short Title. These rules may be called the Mormugao Port Rules, 1966.
- 2. Definitions. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,
 - (a) the "Act" means the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908);
 - (b) "Board" means the Board of Trustees constituted under the Major Port Trusts Act, 1963 (38 of 1963) for the Port and includes the body of persons appointed to be the Conservator of the Port under the Act;

- (c) "dangerous goods" means goods as defined in the Indian Merchant Shipping (Carriage of Dangerous Goods) Rules, 1954;
- (d) "Deputy Conservator" means the officer, appointed by the Board to assist the Conservator in the performance of any duty imposed upon him by or under the Act;
- (e) "explosives" means explosives as defined in the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (4 of 1884);
- (f) "harbour" means that part of the Port, in which sections 31 and 32 of the Act are for the time being in force;
- (g) "Harbour Master" means the officer, appointed by the Conservator, to have charge, under the supervision of the Deputy Conservator, of the berthing, mooring and movement of every vessel within the port and includes any person acting under instructions of the Harbour Master;
- (h) "master" includes any person (except the pilot or Harbour Master) having the command of a ship;
- (i) "navigable channel" means that portion of the Port used from time to time by sea-going vessels and sea planes;
- (j) "pilot" means a person for the time being authorised by the Central Government to pilot vessels under sub-section (3) of Section 3 of the Act;
- (k) "Port" means the Port of Mormugao, and the navigable channels leading to it in which the Act is for the time being in force;
- (1) "sea-going vessel" means a vessel proceeding to sea beyond inland waters or beyond waters declared to be smooth or partially smooth by the Central Government;
- (m) "vessel" includes any ship, boat, sailing vessel or vessel of any other description used in navigation.
- 3. (1) Application. Save as otherwise expressly provided in these rules, (i) these rules shall be applicable only within the local limits of the Port,
- (2) Nothing in these rules shall affect the provisions of any rule made under any law made by Parliament or any existing Central law.

Entering or leaving Port

4. No sea-going vessel shall enter or leave the harbour at any time without having on board a pilot:

Provided that a sea-going vessel may leave the harbour without having on board a pilot under stress of weather after giving the Port Signal Station an intimation of her intention to do so, and after taking the consent of the Harbour Master.

- 5. Every sea-going vessel shall, on entering or leaving the Port between sunrise and sunset, fly her national flag and shall show her signal letters.
- of. Every sea-going vessel entering or leaving the harbour shall be provided with an efficient rope ladder and if the pilot considers the ladder or the man-ropes provided by a vessel to be unsafe, he may refuse to board or leave her, as the case may be, until a strong and efficient rope ladder and stout man-ro-

pes are provided as required under the Indian Merchant Shipping (Pilot ladder) Rules, 1953.

- 7. The Master of a vessel, entering or leaving the Port, shall be responsible for the maintenance of normal handling power to work main engines at full speed, ahead or astern, as may be required, until such time as the vessel is berthed or cleared of the navigable channels.
- 8. When a sea-going vessel is expected to arrive in the Port, her agents shall send to the Conservator of the Port, at the earliest possible moment a notice in the form given below:—

FORM

Port of Mormugao

Notice of the expected arrival of a vessel.

- (1) Name of vessel and nationality.
- (2) Net Registered tonnage of the vessel.
- (3) Expected date and time of arrival.
- (4) Draft on arrival.
- (5) Tonnage and description of cargo to be landed.
- (6) Tonnage and description of cargo to be shipped.
- (7) Expected duration of stay in Port.
- (8) Particular berth, if any, preferred by the agents.
- (9) Last port of call.
- (10) Next port of call.
- 9. Pilots shall take vessels to sea from clear berths or bring them into Port/when the lights and navigation marks are visible and reasonably distant objects are discernible.
- 10. Proper look-out both day and night shall be maintained by vessels to give immediate notice of any obstructions or danger forward of the ship.
- 11. No dangerous goods and explosives shall be permitted to be brought within the limits of the Port unless packed in a manner, which in the opinion of the Deputy Conservator is adequate to withstand the ordinary risks of handling the transport by sea.
- 12. Every vessel shall have sufficient number of suitable fenders ready for immediate use whenever there is a risk of the vessel striking against any other object.

Berths and stations

- 13. (1) Every vessel shall take up the berth or mooring or occupy the place assigned to her by the Deputy Conservator, and shall change her berth, or move when required to do so by the Deputy Conservator
- (2) No immobilised vessel shall be shifted without the orders of the Deputy Conservator.
- 14. Every application for sea-going vessels to be moved or for any other assistance shall be made in writing and addressed to the Deputy Conservator between the hours of 9.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. except on a Sunday or any other day declared as a holiday by the Conservator of the Port, and in the case of an application which is required to be made on a Sunday or other holiday, the application shall be sent so as

to reach the Deputy Conservator's office on the previous day. The application shall clearly indicate the maximum draft it is expected to load.

- 15. Every vessel, within the harbour, shall employ such tug as is in the opinion of the Deputy Conservator, the Harbour Master or the pilot-in-charge, necessary for manoeuvring and her safety.
- 16. The following order of priority for berthing of sea-going vessels will be normally followed except when otherwise directed by the Deputy Conservator in the interests of navigation and safety:
 - (i) passenger vessels,
 - (ii) petroleum and coal vessels,
 - (iii) vessels carrying food grains and perishable cargoes,
 - (iv) cargo vessels.

Note: — The time of arrival at the Port is considered to be the time when the vessel comes under orders of the Signal Station regarding her entry to the harbour. A vessel that arrives outside the harbour and receives instructions to anchor during the night and to enter in the harbour at day-break, is considered to have arrived before a ship which arrives and enters at day-break ahead of the ship that is anchored.

Striking Masts and Yards: Projections

17. Every vessel within the Port lying at, proceeding to or from the moorings or jetties shall turn in all boats and projections (except fenders) likely to foul any other object. Every vessel within the port shall strike its yards, top-masts etc. on being required to do so by the Deputy Conservator or his Assistants, whether by signals or otherwise.

Vessels taking in particular cargoes or taking in or discharging passengers

- 18. Every vessel taking in or discharging ballast or any kind of cargo, such as, ammunition or other explosives, kerosene oil, bones, coral or other offensive articles and timber or passengers, within the Port, shall do so only at such berths, moorings or anchorages as the Deputy Conservator may direct.
- 49. No ballast, earth, ashes, stones, rubbish, waste material, filth, oil, ballast and bilge water containing oil in a proportion of 100 parts or more in 1,000,000 parts shall be discharged or allowed to leak or flow from any vessel in the Port, without the prior permission of the Deputy Conservator.
- 20. The Master of every vessel shall take all necessary precautions by placing guards or otherwise to prevent injury to persons or damage to property.
- 21. Every vessel when not working cargo shall have all open hatchways protected or closed.

Bunkering of vessels with liquid fuel

- 22. Bunkering of every vessel with liquid fuel may be permitted at the quays by means of the service pipe lines, provided that the following conditions are fulfilled:—
 - (a) during all such time as any vessel is receiving liquid fuel into her bunkers, the Master or First Mate of such vessel shall be

- present on board and it shall be incumbent upon him to see that these rules are complied with and that all reasonable precautions for safety are observed;
- (b) a ship's officer shall be on watch and an attendant shall be stationed alongside the flexible connecting pipe while bunkering is in progress;
- (c) suppliers of liquid fuel shall be responsible for seeing that all flexible pipes used for bunkering vessels are tested to a pressure of 100 pounds per square inch before operations commence and that all joints are oil-tight;
- (d) (i) every supplier of liquid fuel for bunkering shall be liable for any damage whatso-ever caused to cargo or property belonging to the Port, by any leakage of fuel oil or other causes;
 - (ii) the master and owner or the agents of the vessel receiving such fuel shall also be liable for any such damage if caused by negligence or defect or failure of apparatus or appliances belonging to the vessel;
- (e) no cargo other than goods, unaffected by oil, shall be allowed on the wharf within 50 feet of the oil stand pipes and shed doors immediately behind them shall be kept closed while bunkering is in progress;
- (f) before bunkering commences, the ship's attendant shall see that the telephone connection to the oil company's depot is in working order;
- (g) an attendant shall be on duty at the pump throughout the time of bunkering;
- (h) at least two hours' notice in writing shall be given to the Harbour Master before bunkering is commenced;
- (i) no bunkering shall be commenced unless the Port Fire Officer is satisfied that all precautions, necessary have been taken.

Keeping Free Passages

23. The entrance to the harbour, every space between the different moorings within the harbour, every space in the vicinity of the quays and the turning basin shall be kept free to such extent as may be required by the Deputy Conservator.

Anchoring fastening, mooring and unmoorings

- 24. No vessel shall make fast to or use any mooring without the permission of the Deputy Conservator or the Harbour Master.
- 25. Every vessel underway, or lying in the stream or at the mooring shall at all times have her anchors ready for letting go.
- 26. No person shall moor any vessel in any manner other than that prescribed by the Deputy Conservator or the Harbour Master, or alter the mooring of any vessel without the permission of the Deputy Conservator or the Harbour Master, save for the purpose of easing undue strain or for taking up undue slack.
- 27. No vessel shall without the permission of the Deputy Conservator dismantle her engines or otherwise render herself incapable of movement.

28. No vessel occupying a berth shall turn her screws without giving sufficient warning to all boats in the vicinity and with due precautions to the moorings etc.

Moving and Warping

29. Every vessel within the Port shall be moved or warped from place to place as required and by such means or appliances as may be ordered by the Deputy Conservator.

30. No vessel shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel moving, without being required to do so by the pilot.

Fires and Lights

31. (a) Fires on vessels shall be permitted only in galleys or properly constructed fire places.

(b) The discharge of fire-works is prohibited on any vessel, wharf, quay, pier, jetty or

landing place.

(c) No person shall smoke or use naked lights of any description in a hold or between decks of a vessel or in any enclosed space, in such vessel containing stores, cargo or inflammable materials and suitable notices to this effect shall be displayed in prominent places.

(d) When a fire has broken out in any vessel, the Master or Officer-in-charge of vessels in neighbouring berths or moorings shall furl their awnings and take the necessary steps to keep all the fire fighting equipments ready for use and prepare to slip their cables or hawsers.

(e) No vessel shall be fumigated except at a place appointed by the Deputy Conser-

vator for the purpose.

(f) Pitch or dammer shall not be heated on board vessels within the Port, but in a boat alongside or astern; nor shall spirits be drawn off on board such vessels by candle or other unprotected artificial lights.

Signals

- 32. (a) The Master of any vessel arriving within the Port with ammunition or explosives or gunpowder on board as cargo or with inflammable cargo, shall display a red flag «B» of the International Code of signals at the ofore during daylight; and between sunset and sunrise shall exhibit a red light where it can best be seen and visible all round the horizon, for such time as the ammunition, explosives or gunpowder may be on board within the local limits of the Port.
 - (b) The use of 'sound signals' for attracting attention is prohibited on board vessels while within the local limits of the Port, except for the purposes specified in regulations 15, 28 and 31 of the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at sea and in case of emergency, where assistance from the shore is urgently required in the interests of the safety of the vessel or when the pilot in charge thinks fit to do so.

(c) All necessary signals can be made by vessels by using the International Code of Signals and they will be acknowledged by the answering pendant being hoisted at the Signal Station masthead. Communications by the Morse and Semaphore Codes may be made to the Port Signal Station by day and by night, using flag 'Z' by day and flashing 'Z' at short intervals by night to call up station.

All the night signals shall be made in one hoist, the lights being in a vertical line one over the other not less than 1 metre apart with the exception of single light signals and of the second and the third signals which are to be hoisted as indicated against them:

Signal		
 	ght Where hoisted	Signification
Flag Q	To be hoisted where best seen.	e My ship is healthy and I request free pra- tique.
-	To be shown where best seen, the light being not more than 2 metres apart.	e I have not received free s pratique. n
Flags QQ (To be hoisted where	e My ship is suspected.
(To be shown wher best seen, the light being not more that 2 metres apart.	e I have not received free s pratique n
Flags QL (To be hoisted wher best seen.	e My ship is infected.
. (To be shown wher best seen, the light being not more that 2 metres apart.	e I have not received free s pratique n
Ensign and House	To be lowered ha	if Death on board while in port limits.
Flag Pilot Jack	Masthead.	Harbour Master is required.
Flags DQ	Where best seen, mas head, signal yar arm, or stay sign halliards.	t- Am on fire and require rd immediate assist- al ance.
Flags DV	nead, signal var	t- Have sprung a leak rd and require imme- al diate assistance.
	φ ,	a
Flags DZ	head, signal ya arm, or stay sign	st- Require immediate as- rd sistance.
	halliards.	
Flag B	can best be seen at	It Have ammunition, or nd explosives or gun- he powder or inflamma ble cargo on board
ං Flags S T	Where best seen, man head, signal ya arm, or stay sign halliards.	ırd

			****			<u> </u>
Sign	al Night	Where hoisted	Signification	Note: — The existence of a storm can often be determined before its direction of motion can be fixed. In this case all those ports which the storm could possibly strike		
Flags A N	(3)	Where best seen, mast-	Have parted moorings.	are warned by this signal.	Day	Night
Ğ	1	head, signal yard arm, or stay signal halliards.		V — Danger. — The Port will experience severe weather from a storm, of slight or moderate		Night W
Flags Y A	(1)	— До	Require tug.	intensity, that is expected to cross the coast to the south of the Port.		W WR
2	Ø			*	1	Τ.
FlagW	90	— Do —	Want doctor or medi- cal assistance.	VI — Danger. — The Port will experience severe weather from a storm, of slight or moderate intensity, that is expected to cross the coast to the north of the Port.		(ii) R
Pendant	Vil I	Foremast-head.	Am entering the har-		Y	(§) W
No. 4 Flag N	: •	*	bour. Am proceeding out of	VII — Danger. — The Port will experience severe weather from a storm, of a slight or	W.	6 w
Flag Y	V	Where best seen, mast-	the harbour.	moderate intensity, that is expected to cross over or near to the Port.		R W
		head, signal yard arm, or stay signal halliards.		*		Ψ _
Note:-	•	= Indicates a white light.	= Indicates a red light.	VIII — Great Danger. — The Port will experience severe weather from a storm of great intensity that is expected to cross the coast to the south of the Port.		W R
Flags S I X	Nil V	Vhere best seen, mast- head, signal yard arm, or stay signal halliards.	Require agents Mor- mugao.	are to the second secon	W	R
(d) T Signal S	he fo	ollowing signals are n flag staff. 1. Storm Warning Si	made at the Port	IX — Great Danger. — The Port will experience severe weather from a storm of great intensity that is expected to cross the coast to the north of the Port.		⊕ R ⊕ R ⊖ W
		A) Distant signals	14.00			.
.— Cautic weather	onary.	— There is a region of hich a storm may be fo	S squally Worming. W	X — Great Danger. — The Port will experience severe weather from a storm of great intensity that is expected to cross over or near to the Port.	*	⊕ R
situat weath	ed wi er tha	this signal is hoisted at th reference to the d t a ship leaving the Po nger during its voyage	isturbed rt might			⊕ R
of the approted, Sea p Bay c and n	latter priate this s orts a f Ben nay de	mentioned signals is n and has not already be signal is hoisted at also when a disturban- gal is crossing the Po- velop into a cyclone a Arabian Sea.	ot more en hois- Arabian ee from eninsula	XI — Failure of Communications. — Communications with the Meteorological warning centres have broken down, and the local officer considers that there is danger of bad weather.		R
		-A storm has formed		2. [®] General		,
c Not	e: T	his signal is hoisted wh	en there	(a) Day Signals		
being	affect	liate danger of the pored, but ships leaving to nto the storm.	the port R	Signal Where hoisted Significat	ion -	
		B) Local Signals	Y	Flag N Masthead A vessel in harbor Pilot.	ır rec	quires a
squally	weath		₩ R °°	Pendant No. 4 — do — A vessel is in sigh 1 Black Ball — do — A vessel in the underweigh or at underweigh, and the vessels should allo	hark out at in	to get coming
storm bu	t it do	The Port is threatened as not appear that the ficiently great to just ses of precaution.	danger A (III) R	sea-room.		
· ·	uu	on or precountil.	' Y"	Note: —Flag «N» is hauled down on the Sig after the pilot has boarded the out goi	mal ng v	station of essei.

Note: —Flag «N» is hauled down on the Signal Station of after the pilot has boarded the out going vessel.

···(b) Night Signals

Signals Where hoisted Signification

One white light Masthead Vessel (either inside or outside the breakwater) requires a pilot.

Note: —When a pilot on board a vessel outside the breakwater intending to enter, sees the «N» flag at the masthead of a vessel inside or a black ball at the masthead of the Signal Station, he must wait outside until the vessel flying the «N» flag has cleared the breakwater taking care to allow the outgoing vessel plenty of sea room if the «N» is lowered to half-mast, he may enter.

Number of crew

33. Every vessel in the Port shall be efficiently manned at all times except whenever any vessel is laid up in any berth, anchorage or mooring especially

allotted to her for that purpose, the Deputy Conservator may authorise the vessel to be laid up with a minimum crew for a specified period.

Employment of persons

34. No person shall be employed in cleaning, chipping or painting a vessel or in working in the bilges, boilers or double bottom of a vessel in the Port, without ensuring that the working conditions in such places are made safe to the satisfaction of the Deputy Conservator.

. Here is a great Bathing in the Harbour

35. Bathing is strictly prohibited in the harbour on account of the sharks which infest it.

[7-PG(37)/63]

R. RANGARAJAN
Under Secretary to the Government of India.